

1. Which of the following were part of amusements of the Harappan people ?

- (i) Chess
- (ii) Dice
- (iii) Dance
- (iv) Hunting

Select the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :

- (1) (i) and (ii) only
- (2) (ii) and (iii) only
- (3) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- (4) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)

2. Samannaphalasutta, which gives valuable information about the views of Gautama Buddha's contemporary six famous Sramanas, is related to which nikaya of Sutta-Pitaka ?

- (1) Digha - Nikaya
- (2) Majjima - Nikaya
- (3) Sanyutta - Nikaya
- (4) Anguttara - Nikaya

3. Which of the following Haryanka rulers is mentioned in Jaina literature as 'Kunika' ?

- (1) Bimbisara
- (2) Ajatasatru
- (3) Udayina
- (4) Nagadasak

4. Consider the following statements :

Statement (I) : Migara, the rich banker of Sravasti, was the earnest follower of naked ascetics.

Statement (II) : He was converted to Buddhist faith by the influence of his newly married daughter-in-law.

Select the correct answer from the code given below :

- (1) **Statement (I)** is true, but **statement (II)** is false.
- (2) **Statement (I)** is false, but **statement (II)** is true.
- (3) Both **statement (I)** and **(II)** are true.
- (4) Both **statement (I)** and **(II)** are false.

5. Which of the following pairs is **not** correctly matched ?

- | Tirthankara | Cognisance |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| (1) Rishabhanatha | Elephant |
| (2) Neminatha | Conch shell |
| (3) Parsvanatha | Snake |
| (4) Mahavira | Lion |

6. Match List - I with List - II and select the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :

List - I

(Samudragupta's contemporary rulers of Dakshinapath)

- (a) Damana
- (b) Hastiverma
- (c) Kubera
- (d) Ugrasena

List - II

(Their Kingdoms)

- (i) Devarashtra
- (ii) Erandapalla
- (iii) Palakka
- (iv) Vengi

Code :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (i) |
| (3) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) |

7. Arrange the following Saiva personalities in chronological order :

- (i) Appar
- (ii) Lakulisa
- (iii) Srikantha
- (iv) Basava

Select the **correct** answer from the code given below :

- (1) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
- (2) (ii), (iii), (iv), (i)
- (3) (iii), (ii), (i), (iv)
- (4) (iv), (iii), (ii), (i)

8. Mukundamala, a famous devotional poem in Sanskrit, was composed by :

- (1) Namma
- (2) Periya
- (3) Poykai
- (4) Kulasekhara

9. Who among the following played the role of a judge in a dance competition described in Malavikagnimitram ?

- (1) Ganadasa
- (2) Haradutta
- (3) Katyayani
- (4) Kausiki

10. Arrange the following actions of Asoka in the chronological order :

- (i) Gift of two caves to Ajivikas
- (ii) Pilgrimage to Lumbini
- (iii) Pilgrimage to Bodhgaya
- (iv) Enlargement of the stupa of Konagamana

Choose the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :

- (1) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii)
- (2) (ii), (iii), (i), (iv)
- (3) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
- (4) (iv), (i), (ii), (iii)

11. Which of the following cave temples of Ellora are related to Brahmanical religion ?

- (i) Dhumera Lena
- (ii) Indra-Sabha
- (iii) Jagannatha Sabha
- (iv) Ravana ki Khai

Select the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :

- (1) (i) and (ii) only
- (2) (iii) and (iv) only
- (3) (i) and (iv) only
- (4) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)

12. Who among the following Alavaras was a female saint ?

- (1) Andal
- (2) Namma
- (3) Periya
- (4) Poykai

13. Julius Caesar was the 'Dictator' of Rome only for :

- (1) 3 Years
- (2) 5 Years
- (3) 7 Years
- (4) 10 Years

14. Hammurabi is known for his code of law, which he claimed to have received from one of the following Gods ?

- (1) Shamash
- (2) Anu
- (3) Enlil
- (4) Nannar

15. Epic of Gilgamesh was very famous in Sumera. That Gilgamesh was the king of :
- (1) Uruk
 - (2) Sippar
 - (3) Nippur
 - (4) Lagash
16. Identify among the following the kind of geographical area where the first urbanization was developed :
- (1) Wet areas
 - (2) Moist areas
 - (3) Arid areas
 - (4) Semi-Arid areas
17. Which of the following Harappan sites has yielded a terracotta plough ?
- (1) Banawali
 - (2) Daulatpur
 - (3) Mohenjodaro
 - (4) Padari
18. Arrange the following archaeological sites in chronological order :
- (i) Padri
 - (ii) Amri
 - (iii) Shishupalgarh
 - (iv) Taxila
- Choose the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :
- (1) (ii), (i), (iv), (iii)
 - (2) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii)
 - (3) (iv), (i), (iii), (ii)
 - (4) (ii), (iii), (i), (iv)
19. Arrange the following in chronological order as per the stages of technological developments :
- (i) Terracotta solid wheel
 - (ii) Terracotta solid wheel with central hub
 - (iii) Wheel with spokes
 - (iv) Roller
- Choose the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :
- (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii)
 - (2) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
 - (3) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
 - (4) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv)

20. Which of the following is not a part of the Vedanga ?

- (1) Kalpa
- (2) Nirukta
- (3) Chhanda
- (4) Sutra

21. The Harappan presence is visible in the ancient region of Bactria by the archaeological site/sites of :

- (i) Hissar
- (ii) Mundigak
- (iii) Shah Tape
- (iv) Shortughai

Select the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :

- (1) (i) only
- (2) (iv) only
- (3) (ii) and (iv) only
- (4) (i), (ii) and (iii) only

22. Match **List - I** with **List - II** and select the correct answer from the **code** given below :

List - I

(Buddhist Council)

- (a) First Buddhist Council
- (b) Second Buddhist Council
- (c) Third Buddhist Council
- (d) Fourth Buddhist Council

List - II

(Venue)

- (i) Vaishali
- (ii) Kashmir
- (iii) Rajagriha
- (iv) Pataliputra

Code :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (1) | (i) | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) | (ii) |
| (3) | (ii) | (iv) | (i) | (iii) |
| (4) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) |

23. Match **List - I** with **List - II** and select the correct answer from the **code** given below :

List - I

(Book)

- (a) History of Satavahanas in the Deccan
- (b) History of Dharmshastras
- (c) Political History of Ancient India
- (d) History of South India

List - II

(Author)

- (i) H.C. Raychaudhury
- (ii) R.G. Bhandarkar
- (iii) P.V. Kane
- (iv) K.A. Neelkanth Shastry

Code :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (1) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (4) | (iv) | (ii) | (iii) | (i) |

24. Match List - I with List - II and select the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :

List - I		List - II	
(Book)		(Author)	
(a)	Hindu Polity	(i)	D.D. Kosambi
(b)	The Wonder That was India	(ii)	R.C. Majumdar
(c)	The Study of Indian History	(iii)	K.P. Jayaswal
(d)	History and Culture of the Indian People	(iv)	A.L. Basham

Code :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)

25. Match List - I with List - II and select the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :

List - I		List - II	
(Text)		(Language)	
(a)	Post-Vedic ceremonial literature	(i)	Tamil language
(b)	Early Buddhist literature	(ii)	Ardhamagadhi language
(c)	Jaina literature	(iii)	Pali language
(d)	Sangam literature	(iv)	Sanskrit language

Code :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)

26. Arrange the following in chronological order :

- (i) Aryabhatta
- (ii) Varahamihira
- (iii) Apstambha
- (iv) Charavaka

Choose the **correct** answer from the code given below :

- (1) (iv), (ii), (iii), (i)
- (2) (iv), (iii), (i), (ii)
- (3) (iii), (i), (iv), (ii)
- (4) (ii), (iv), (i), (iii)

27. Given below are two statements, one labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other labelled as **Reason (R)** :

Assertion (A) : There is a mention of several cities in Tamil region in the Sangam literature.

Reason (R) : One of them is Kaveripattanam which has been attested through archaeological excavations.

In the context of the above statements which of the following is **correct** ?

- (1) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**
 - (2) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true, but **(R)** is **not** the correct explanation of **(A)**
 - (3) **(A)** is true, but **(R)** is false
 - (4) **(A)** is false, but **(R)** is true
28. Which of the following was not imported in ancient Mesopotamia ?
- (1) Copper
 - (2) Tin
 - (3) Textile
 - (4) Wood
29. Identify among the following which is not in tune with the other three options :
- (1) Sumerian
 - (2) Akkadian
 - (3) Babylonian
 - (4) Assyrian
30. Human habitations began in southern Mesopotamia some time around :
- (1) 6000 B.C.E.
 - (2) 5000 B.C.E.
 - (3) 4500 B.C.E.
 - (4) 4000 B.C.E.
31. Which of the following postures of Buddha is also famous as Maradharshana Mudra ?
- (1) Abhaya Mudra
 - (2) Varada Mudra
 - (3) Bhumisparsha Mudra
 - (4) Mahaparinibban Mudra
32. Given below are two statements, one labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other labelled as **Reason (R)** :
- Assertion (A)** : Inscriptions in regional languages were issued only in the 9th and 10th centuries for the first time.
- Reason (R)** : Regional assertion became very prominent during that period.
- In the context of the above statements which of the following is **correct** ?
- (1) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is the correct explanation of **(A)**
 - (2) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true, but **(R)** is **not** the correct explanation of **(A)**
 - (3) **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false
 - (4) **(A)** is false but **(R)** is true

33. What did the term 'mameluk' denote in the Delhi Sultanate ?

- (i) An Arabic word meaning 'owned'.
- (ii) The term was used for imported Turkish slaves meant chiefly for military service.
- (iii) The term was used chiefly for humble slaves used for domestic or economic purpose.

Select the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :

- (1) (i) and (ii)
- (2) (i) and (iii)
- (3) (ii) and (iii)
- (4) (i), (ii) and (iii)

34. Which of the following statements are correct about the army organization of the Delhi Sultans :

- (i) Early Turkish Sultans assigned to their Turkish soldiers a number of villages in the doab for the payment of their salaries.
- (ii) Balban tried to resume these holdings but had to modify his order.
- (iii) Alauddin Khalji abolished these holdings by a stroke of the pen.
- (iv) Alauddin Khalji was the first Sultan who paid his soldiers fully in cash.

Select the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :

- (1) (i), (ii) and (iii) only
- (2) (i), (iii) and (iv) only
- (3) (ii), (iii) and (iv) only
- (4) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)

35. Which of the following statements about the Tughlaq architecture is **not** correct :

- (1) A striking feature of the Tughlaq architecture was the sloping walls.
- (2) The technique is called 'batter' and given the effect of strength and solidity to the buildings.
- (3) This use of 'batter' is best illustrated in the buildings of Firuz Tughlaq.
- (4) The Tughlaqs did not generally use the costly red sandstone in their buildings, instead the cheaper and more easily available greystone was used.

36. 'Whenever I see a base-born ignoble man, my eyes burn and I reach in anger for my sword (to kill him)' ?

Barani puts the above words into the mouth of which of the following Delhi Sultans ?

- (1) Nasiruddin Mahmud
- (2) Balban
- (3) Alauddin Khalji
- (4) Muhammad bin Tughlaq

37. Ardhakathanak was written by which of the following merchant-poets ?

- (1) Virji Vohra
- (2) Sadasukhlal
- (3) Banarasidas
- (4) Bihari Lal

38. Which of the following texts of Hanafi fiqh (law) for the guidance of the qazis got compiled by Aurangzeb by constituting a board of ulama ?
- (1) Fatawa-i Jahandari
 - (2) Siyasat Nama
 - (3) Nasihat-ul Muluk
 - (4) Fatawa-i Alamgiri
39. Arrange the following Central Asian, Arab and Persian travellers in ascending chronological order :
- (i) Abd al-Razzaq
 - (ii) Ibn Battuta
 - (iii) Mahmud Wali Balkhi
 - (iv) Abu Raihan al-Biruni
- Select the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :
- (1) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
 - (2) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
 - (3) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii)
 - (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
40. Which of the following Mughal emperors/princes was an accomplished Veena player ?
- (1) Jahangir
 - (2) Prince Dara
 - (3) Aurangzeb
 - (4) Prince Muhammad
41. In which of the following Mughal Emperor's reigns there was a subtle shift in the interests from manuscript painting to portraiture and separate miniatures ?
- (1) Humayun
 - (2) Akbar
 - (3) Jahangir
 - (4) Shahjahan
42. Guru Nanak and Bhai Mardana were witness to Babur's third invasion of India in Punjab. Nanak compiled verses of that invasion. What does that collection of Guru Nanak is known ?
- (1) Babur-Vani
 - (2) Waqiat i Babur
 - (3) Guru ka Sabad
 - (4) Adi Granth

43. Chronologically arrange the following copper coins from smallest to highest in ascending order on the basis of their value :

- (i) Jital
- (ii) Adhela
- (iii) Dam
- (iv) Paulah

Select the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :

- (1) (iv), (iii), (ii), (i)
- (2) (iii), (iv), (i), (ii)
- (3) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
- (4) (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)

44. Akbar conferred the title jagadguru to which of the following Jain Scholars ?

- (1) Hirvijaya Suri
- (2) Jinvijay Suri
- (3) Bhanuchandra
- (4) Siddhichandra

45. If a mansabdar was posted at Balkh and Badakhshan how many sawars he was to bring to the muster ?

- (1) 1/2 of the sawar rank
- (2) 1/3 of the sawar rank
- (3) 1/4 of the sawar rank
- (4) 1/5 of the sawar rank

46. Mir Bakhshi was incharge of which of the following departments ?

- (i) Military department
- (ii) Head of intelligence and information agencies of the empire
- (iii) Imperial household
- (iv) Revenue department

Select the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :

- (1) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- (2) (ii), (iii) and (iv)
- (3) (i) and (ii)
- (4) (iii) and (iv)

47. Match List - I with List - II and select the correct answer from the code given below the lists :

List - I**(Ruling Dynasty)**

- (a) Nizam Shahi
- (b) Imad Shahi
- (c) Adil Shahi
- (d) Qutb Shahi

List - II**(Region)**

- (i) Golconda
- (ii) Bijapur
- (iii) Ahmadnagar
- (iv) Berar

Code :

- | | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iv) | (iii) | (ii) | (i) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) |
| (3) | (ii) | (i) | (iv) | (iii) |
| (4) | (iv) | (ii) | (i) | (iii) |

48. Which of the following places was later came to be known as Medina ?

- (1) Kufa
- (2) Basra
- (3) Hijaz
- (4) Yathrib

49. What was the earliest Arabic poetry form called ?

- (1) Rajaz
- (2) Qasida
- (3) Muallaqat
- (4) Khamriyyah

50. Who among the following was the founder of the Mutazila theology ?

- (1) Wasil Ibn Atta
- (2) Amr Ibn Ubayd
- (3) Hasan al-Basri
- (4) Al-Ghazali

51. Who among the following was the founder of the Umayyad Caliphate ?

- (1) Yazid I
- (2) Marwan I
- (3) Muawiyah I
- (4) Al-Walid

52. Hun advance was restricted by Gepids. Which of the following Gepide King finally sealed the fate of the Huns and defeated them in the battle of Nedao in 454 CE ?

- (1) Ardaric
- (2) Fastida
- (3) Giesmus
- (4) Mundus

53. The unsuccessful siege of the Fort of Bharatpur was laid by which of the following ?
- (1) Sir Charles Napier
 - (2) Lord Lake
 - (3) Major Broadfoot
 - (4) Lord Gough
54. Which of the following was the highlight of Bankin Chandra Chatterjee's novel 'Anand Math' ?
- (1) Bheel uprising
 - (2) Bishnupur rebellion
 - (3) Sanyashi rebellion
 - (4) Santhal rebellion
55. Kuka movement took place in which of the following regions ?
- (1) Bengal
 - (2) Punjab
 - (3) Kerala
 - (4) Rajasthan
56. Chronologically arrange the following legislations/Commissions relating to Indian education :
- (i) Indian Universities Act
 - (ii) Charles Wood's Despatch
 - (iii) University Grants' Commission
 - (iv) Indian Education Commission
- Choose the **correct** answer from the **code** given below :
- (1) (iv), (i), (ii), (iii)
 - (2) (iii), (ii), (i), (iv)
 - (3) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
 - (4) (ii), (iv), (i), (iii)
57. Who among the following laid the foundation stone of the Benaras Hindu University ?
- (1) Pandit Madan Mohan Malviya
 - (2) Lord Hardinge
 - (3) Maharaja Vibhuti Narain Singh
 - (4) Lord Chelmsford
58. The first woman President of the Indian National Congress was :
- (1) Sarojini Naidu
 - (2) Dr. Annie Besant
 - (3) Sucheta Kripalani
 - (4) Vijay Lakshmi Pandit

59. The concept of 'Martial Communities' in India was developed by the British for :

- (1) Promoting anthropological studies
- (2) Identifying people for Military recruitment on caste lines after the revolt of 1857
- (3) Promoting wrestling and sports
- (4) Creation of new castes

60. Who commanded the British army when Haider Ali was defeated at Porto Novo ?

- (1) Lord Lake
- (2) Eyre Coote
- (3) Major Broadfoot
- (4) Lord Gough

61. In whose reign the East India Company established their first factory in India ?

- (1) Akbar
- (2) Jahangir
- (3) Shahjahan
- (4) Aurangzeb

62. The Carnatic war took place between which of the following powers ?

- (1) British and French
- (2) British and Dutch
- (3) British and Marathas
- (4) British and Portuguese

63. Inspired by the Ghadar Party 700 men of the 5th Light Infantry at Singapore revolted under whose leadership ?

- (1) Kartar Singh Saraba
- (2) Jamader Chisti Khan and Subedar Dundey Khan
- (3) Sardar Singh Rana
- (4) Lala Hardayal

64. Given below are two statements one labelled as **Assertion (A)** and the other labelled as **Reason (R)**.

Assertion (A) : The first Round Table Conference in 1930 was boycotted by the Congress.

Reason (R) : With the signing of Gandhi Irwin Pact the Congress participated in the Second Round Table Conference in September 1931.

In the context of the above two statements which of the following is **correct** ?

Code :

- (1) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true and **(R)** is correct explanation of **(A)**
- (2) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are true, but **(R)** is not correct explanation of **(A)**
- (3) **(A)** is true, but **(R)** is false
- (4) **(A)** is false but **(R)** is true

65. Match List - I with List - II and select the correct answer from the code given below :

List - I (Event)	List - II (Year)
(a) Champaran movement	(i) 13 April 1919
(b) Jalianwala Bagh	(ii) 1917
(c) Civil-disobedience movement	(iii) 1 st August 1920
(d) Non-Cooperation movement	(iv) 6 April 1930

Code :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)

66. In which year was added Section 153-A, to the Indian Penal Code, which made any attempt to create hatred among different classes a criminal offence ?

- (1) 1876
- (2) 1884
- (3) 1891
- (4) 1898

67. Who persuaded Gandhiji to come to Champaran to investigate the problem of indigo workers in Bihar ?

- (1) Brij Kishore
- (2) Raj Kumar Shukla
- (3) Rajendra Prasad
- (4) Acharya J.B. Kripalani

68. Which British high official commented in 1900 the following words ?

"The Congress is tottering to its fall, and one of my greatest ambition while in India is to assist it to a peaceful demise".

- (1) Lord Dufferin
- (2) Lord Curzon
- (3) Lord Hardinge
- (4) Lord Willingdon

69. Who transformed the Sikhs into a military organization by establishing a brotherhood of Khalasa ?

- (1) Guru Hargobind
- (2) Guru Tegh Bahadur
- (3) Ranjit Singh
- (4) Guru Gobind Singh

70. Who started Rajamundry Social Reform Association in 1878 ?

- (1) Rama Iyengar
- (2) Sesha Iyengar
- (3) K. Viresalingam Pantatu
- (4) Rabgundai Raghunath Rao

71. From among following statements which one is **not** correct ?

- (1) The feudal ruling class had special needs which did not relate to the market at all.
- (2) The feudal society in Western Europe developed into a hierarchical form in which every person was assigned a place according to a graded order.
- (3) The relationship of duties and obligation of serfs constituted most important aspect of feudalism
- (4) The feudal system meant a vigorous economic subjection of a host of humble folk to a few powerful men.

72. According to Marc Bloch, which, of the following was **not** a feature of European feudal organization ?

- (1) Widespread use of 'service tenement' (i.e. the fief)
- (2) Supremacy of a class of specialized warriors
- (3) Centralization of political structure
- (4) Ties of obedience and protection between the lord and the vassal

73. Which one of following terms was **not** imposed after Japan's defeat in Second world war ?

- (1) American occupation of Japan
- (2) The end of Zaibatsus in Japan's economic sphere
- (3) The change of Japan's government from militarist to democratic system
- (4) Trial and conviction of the Emperor of Japan for war crimes

74. Which one of the following statements is **not** correct ?

- (1) Japan's formal entry into the First World War entitled her to get a victor's place at Versailles Conference.
- (2) At the Versailles, Japan was awarded formal German interests in China, which China refused.
- (3) In 1934, Japan was the first country to walk-out of League of Nations.
- (4) The Sino-Japanese friction in 1937 failed to escalate into a full-scale war

75. Which one from the following Japan did **not** acquire after her resounding victory over China in 1894 ?

- (1) A massive indemnity of 30 million taels
- (2) Cession of Formosa (Taiwan) to Japan
- (3) Cession of Sakhalin Island
- (4) Cession of Liaodong Peninsula

76. Capture of which area by Japan in 1931, went relatively unchallenged by the western powers ?
- (1) Korea
 - (2) Manchuria
 - (3) Sakhalin Islands
 - (4) Kiatung Peninsula
77. In modern Japanese history what does the term 'Zaibatsu' mean ?
- (1) A class of new Samurais
 - (2) The Military class
 - (3) The class of Administrators
 - (4) The class of economic Business-houses
78. From among the following, which one is **not** a feature of Meiji Restoration ?
- (1) The Dul system of rule, i.e. of the Emperor and the Shogun, ended
 - (2) Rise of the national government
 - (3) Satsuma, Choshu, Tosa and Hizen warlords continued to fight among themselves
 - (4) End of Japanese isolation policy
79. When was the Taiping Rebellion suppressed by the Qing Dynasty forces in China ?
- (1) 1852
 - (2) 1864
 - (3) 1872
 - (4) 1879
80. Which kind of individuals were not associated with Indian National Congress ?
- (1) Imperialists
 - (2) Moderates
 - (3) Communists
 - (4) Swarajists