

1. Who among the following defined Human Geography as :
"Human geography is the study of the changing relationship between the unresting man and the unstable earth."
 - (1) Ellen C. Semple
 - (2) Ratzel
 - (3) Vidal de la Blache
 - (4) Griffith Taylor
2. Which one of the following landscapes is cultural in nature ?
 - (1) Natural Vegetation
 - (2) Flora and Fauna
 - (3) Landforms
 - (4) Settlements
3. Which one of the following approaches of human geography emerged during 1970s ?
 - (1) Exploration and Description
 - (2) Humanistic Geography
 - (3) Areal Differentiation
 - (4) Spatial Organisation
4. Which one of the following subfields of geography belongs to Social Geography ?
 - (1) Geography of Resources
 - (2) Geography of Tourism
 - (3) Geography of Leisure
 - (4) Electoral Geography
5. Which one of the following is the most important factor for survival ?
 - (1) Landforms
 - (2) Climate
 - (3) Soils
 - (4) Availability of water
6. Which one of the following represents the change of population expressed in percentage ?
 - (1) Growth rate of population
 - (2) Natural growth of population
 - (3) Positive growth of population
 - (4) Negative growth of population
7. The first stage of 'Demographic Transition Theory' is represented by which one of the following ?
 - (1) High mortality and low fertility
 - (2) High fertility and low mortality
 - (3) Low mortality and low fertility
 - (4) High fertility and high mortality

8. Which one of the following is pull factors for migration ?
- (1) Better living conditions
 - (2) Unemployment
 - (3) Epidemics
 - (4) Harsh climate
9. Which one of the following activities is the earliest in the human history ?
- (1) Agriculture
 - (2) Mining
 - (3) Nomadic herding
 - (4) Hunting
10. In which one of the following, people rely on animals for food, clothing and shelter ?
- (1) Primitive subsistence agriculture
 - (2) Commercial livestock rearing
 - (3) Nomadic herding
 - (4) Mixed farming
11. In which one of the following countries, shifting cultivation is known as Ladang ?
- (1) Mexico
 - (2) Central America
 - (3) Canada
 - (4) Indonesia
12. Which one of the following is known as dairy farming ?
- (1) Equal emphasis laid on crop cultivation and animal husbandry
 - (2) Most advanced and efficient farming
 - (3) Highly specialised commercial agriculture
 - (4) Introduced by Europeans
13. Which one of the following is economic factor for mining ?
- (1) Size of the deposits
 - (2) Grade of the deposits
 - (3) Mode of occurrence of the deposits
 - (4) Availability of technology
14. Which one of the following industries is classified on the basis of its size ?
- (1) Household based
 - (2) Agro based
 - (3) Mineral based
 - (4) Animal based

15. Which one of the following is non-metallic industry ?
- (1) Steel
 - (2) Cement
 - (3) Copper
 - (4) Aluminium
16. Which one of the following is the main feature of handloom sector ?
- (1) Highly Capital intensive
 - (2) Moderate labour needed
 - (3) Power generated
 - (4) Labour intensive
17. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched ?
- (1) Tula - Ukraine
 - (2) Kirvoi Rog - Denmark
 - (3) Sheffield - United Kingdom
 - (4) Essen - France
18. Which one of the following factors is the most important for establishing industry ?
- (1) Access to market
 - (2) Access to raw materials
 - (3) Access to labour supply
 - (4) Minimum production cost
19. Which one of the following is the feature of 'Foot-loose Industries' ?
- (1) They can be located in certain places
 - (2) They dependent on specific raw material
 - (3) They employ large labour force
 - (4) They produce in small quantity
20. Which one of the following industries is mineral based ?
- (1) Cement
 - (2) Sugar
 - (3) Lac
 - (4) Rubber
21. Which one of the following is a tertiary activity ?
- (1) Spinning
 - (2) Weaving
 - (3) Carpentry
 - (4) Trading

22. Which one of the following is the world's single largest tertiary activity ?
- (1) Trading
 - (2) Transportation
 - (3) Manufacturing
 - (4) Tourism
23. People engaged in primary activities are called by which one of the following ?
- (1) Red collar workers
 - (2) White collar workers
 - (3) Grey collar workers
 - (4) Gold collar workers
24. Roads constructed along international border are known by which one of the following ?
- (1) International Roads
 - (2) State Roads
 - (3) District Roads
 - (4) Border Roads
25. Which one of the following continents has the highest road density in the world ?
- (1) Europe
 - (2) North America
 - (3) Australia
 - (4) Africa
26. Which one of the following countries has the highest rail density ?
- (1) Japan
 - (2) United States of America
 - (3) Belgium
 - (4) United Kingdom
27. Which one of the following Trans Continental Railways is the longest ?
- (1) Trans Canadian Railway
 - (2) The Australian Trans-Continental Railways
 - (3) Trans-Siberian Railway
 - (4) The Union and Pacific Railway
28. Which one of the following is the westernmost station on Trans-Siberian Railway ?
- (1) Vladivostok
 - (2) St. Petersburg
 - (3) Chita
 - (4) Moscow

29. Which one of the following is eastern terminal station of Trans Canadian Railway ?
- (1) Vancouver
 - (2) Winnipeg
 - (3) Halifax
 - (4) Quebec
30. Which one of the following represents the length of Suez Canal ?
- (1) 140 km
 - (2) 150 km
 - (3) 160 km
 - (4) 170 km
31. The development of inland waterways is NOT dependent on which one of the following ?
- (1) Navigability width and depth
 - (2) Continuity in water flow
 - (3) Transport technology
 - (4) Waterfall in river course
32. Which one of the following countries alone accounts for 60 percent of the airways of the world ?
- (1) Australia
 - (2) Japan
 - (3) United States of America
 - (4) Germany
33. General Agreement for Tariffs and Trade was formed during which one of the following years ?
- (1) 1991
 - (2) 1994
 - (3) 1996
 - (4) 1999
34. Which one of the following is NOT included in international trade ?
- (1) Balance of Trade
 - (2) Volume of Trade
 - (3) Composition of Trade
 - (4) Direction of Trade
35. Which one of the following is the headquarter of European Union ?
- (1) Brussels (Belgium)
 - (2) Jakarta (Indonesia)
 - (3) Minsk (Belarus)
 - (4) Vienna (Austria)

36. Which one of the following countries is largest in population ?
- (1) Indonesia
 - (2) United States of America
 - (3) Brazil
 - (4) Bangladesh
37. With which one of the following approaches of human development, International Labour Organisation (ILO) is associated ?
- (1) Basic Needs Approach
 - (2) Welfare Approach
 - (3) Income Approach
 - (4) Capability Approach
38. Which one of the following is a naval port ?
- (1) Kochchi
 - (2) Rotterdam
 - (3) Copenhagen
 - (4) Tripoli
39. Which one of the following is not a feature of rural settlements ?
- (1) Generally big in size
 - (2) Closely related to land
 - (3) Dominated by primary activities
 - (4) Relatively less population density
40. The villages developed around lakes is known by which one of the following ?
- (1) Star - like pattern
 - (2) Rectangular pattern
 - (3) Linear pattern
 - (4) Circular pattern
41. The first population census in India was conducted in which one of the following years ?
- (1) 1872
 - (2) 1881
 - (3) 1891
 - (4) 1901
42. Which one of the following state has the highest population density according to 2011 census ?
- (1) Kerala
 - (2) West Bengal
 - (3) Bihar
 - (4) Uttar Pradesh

43. Which one of the following states has lowest density of population according to 2011 census ?
- (1) Manipur
 - (2) Meghalaya
 - (3) Tripura
 - (4) Arunachal Pradesh
44. Physiological density is calculated by which one of the following formula ?
- (1) $\text{Total population} \div \text{Total land area}$
 - (2) $\text{Total people engaged in agricultural activities} \div \text{Net cultivated area}$
 - (3) $\text{Total farmers} \div \text{Net cultivated area}$
 - (4) $\text{Total population} \div \text{Net cultivated area}$
45. Which one of the following periods is referred to as the period of population explosion in India ?
- (1) 1901-1921
 - (2) 1921-1951
 - (3) 1951-1981
 - (4) 1981 till present
46. "Beti Bachao - Beti Padhao" comes under which one of the following campaigns ?
- (1) Economic campaign
 - (2) Social campaign
 - (3) Environmental campaign
 - (4) Religious campaign
47. Dardic branch of Indian languages belongs to which one of the following families ?
- (1) Austric
 - (2) Dravidian
 - (3) Indo-European
 - (4) Sino-Tibetan
48. In which one of the following sectors large workforce is engaged ?
- (1) Primary sector
 - (2) Secondary sector
 - (3) Tertiary sector
 - (4) Quarternary sector
49. Which one of the following is economic consequence of migration ?
- (1) Contributing to the urban population
 - (2) Remittances sent by migrants to their source region
 - (3) Age and skill selective out migration
 - (4) Migration leads to inter-mixing of people from diverse cultures

50. Which one of the following states has the highest percentage of population below poverty line (2011-12) ?
- (1) Bihar
 - (2) Jharkhand
 - (3) Chhattisgarh
 - (4) Manipur
51. Brundtland Commission's Report "Our Common Future" was published during which of the following years ?
- (1) 1977
 - (2) 1982
 - (3) 1987
 - (4) 1992
52. Which one of the following settlements is fragmented in several units ?
- (1) Dispersed settlements
 - (2) Clustered settlements
 - (3) Semi-clustered settlements
 - (4) Hamleted settlements
53. Which one of the following is known as transport city ?
- (1) Jamshedpur
 - (2) Satna
 - (3) Vishakhapatnam
 - (4) Ankaleshwar
54. Vertical air movement known as doldrum is found in which of the following zones ?
- (1) Near Equator
 - (2) Near tropic of cancer
 - (3) Near tropic of capricorn
 - (4) Mid latitude areas
55. In which one of the following atmospheric layers, all climatic changes take place ?
- (1) Exosphere
 - (2) Mesosphere
 - (3) Stratosphere
 - (4) Troposphere
56. Which one of the following oceans has highest number of trenches ?
- (1) Indian ocean
 - (2) Atlantic ocean
 - (3) Pacific ocean
 - (4) Mediterranean sea

57. Which of the following planets has the highest density ?
- (1) Jupiter
 - (2) Saturn
 - (3) Earth
 - (4) Mercury
58. Which one of the following ports was especially designed to receive large quantity of petrol, petroleum products and fertilizers ?
- (1) Mumbai
 - (2) Kandla
 - (3) Kolkata
 - (4) Ennore
59. Which one of the following is the main source of water pollution ?
- (1) Fossil fuels
 - (2) Sewage disposal
 - (3) Automobiles
 - (4) Industrial waste
60. Which of the following two places shows the two limits of East-West Corridor ?
- (1) Silchar and Rajkot
 - (2) Silchar and Porbandar
 - (3) Guwahati and Porbandar
 - (4) Guwahati and Rajkot
61. Which one of the following is the characteristics of Continental Shelf ?
- (1) Massive sedimentary deposits
 - (2) Canyon and trenches found
 - (3) Flat and smooth deep surface
 - (4) Flat surface with small hills
62. The highest and the lowest points of a sea wave is known by which one of the following ?
- (1) Wave height
 - (2) Wave amplitude
 - (3) Wave period
 - (4) Wave crest and wave trough
63. Which one of the following is NOT a level to study biodiversity ?
- (1) Physical diversity
 - (2) Genetic diversity
 - (3) Species diversity
 - (4) Ecosystem diversity

64. The shape of the area is correct on which one of the following projections ?
- (1) Mercator's Projection
 - (2) Gnomonic Projection
 - (3) Stereographic Projection
 - (4) Cylindrical Equal Area Projection
65. On which one of the following projections poles can NOT be shown ?
- (1) Mercator's Projection
 - (2) Conical Projection
 - (3) Cylindrical Equidistant Projection
 - (4) Cylindrical Equal Area Projection
66. At eastern boundary of India (97°E), sun rises at 5 : 00 am. At what time the sun will rise at western boundary(67°E) ?
- (1) 6 : 00 am
 - (2) 6 : 30 am
 - (3) 7 : 00 am
 - (4) 7 : 30 am
67. Which one of the following is an indirect source of information about the earth's interior ?
- (1) Volcanoes
 - (2) Drilling in the crust
 - (3) Mining
 - (4) Earthquake waves
68. Which one of the following planets is called Jovian ?
- (1) Mercury
 - (2) Venus
 - (3) Mars
 - (4) Saturn
69. Deepest drilling in the crust is done at which one of the following places ?
- (1) Kola, Arctic Ocean
 - (2) Oldand, Baltic Sea
 - (3) Riga, Gulf of Riga
 - (4) Amsterdam, British Channel
70. Which one of the following is an extrusive landform ?
- (1) Stalactite
 - (2) Stalagmite
 - (3) Crater
 - (4) Pillar

71. Esker plain is formed by which one of the following ?
- (1) Fluvial
 - (2) Glacier
 - (3) Karst
 - (4) Sea waves
72. Which one of the following belts of the earth receives the least insolation ?
- (1) Sub-polar
 - (2) Temperate
 - (3) Sub-tropical
 - (4) Tropical
73. A tropical cyclone, hurricane, is called in which one of the following oceans ?
- (1) Atlantic Ocean
 - (2) Indian Ocean
 - (3) Pacific Ocean
 - (4) Mediterranean Sea
74. Which one of the following salinities represents for Great Salt Lake ?
- (1) 330 per thousand
 - (2) 238 per thousand
 - (3) 220 per thousand
 - (4) 200 per thousand
75. Which one of the following is the correct sequence found south of the Himalayas ?
- (1) Bhabar, Tarai and Bhangar
 - (2) Bhabar, Bhangar and Tarai
 - (3) Tarai, Bhabar and Bhangar
 - (4) Tarai, Bhangar and Bhabar
76. Hot and dry wind called 'Loo' is termed in which one of the following regions of India ?
- (1) North-Eastern India
 - (2) Northern Plains
 - (3) Chhotanagpur Plateau
 - (4) Peninsular Plateau
77. 'Rainshadow Zone' is found in which one of the following ?
- (1) East of Western Ghat
 - (2) East of Eastern Ghat
 - (3) East of Arawali Range
 - (4) North of Satpura Range

78. A line joining places of equal temperature is known by which one of the following ?

- (1) Contour
- (2) Isobar
- (3) Isotherm
- (4) Isohyet

79. Which one of the following is NOT an element of visual interpretation of an image ?

- (1) Tone or colour
- (2) Texture
- (3) Physiography
- (4) Size

80. Literacy of different blocks of a state is best represented by which one of the following ?

- (1) Choropleth Method
- (2) Isopleth Method
- (3) Dot Method
- (4) Bar Graph Method