

जब तक आपको यह परीक्षण पुस्तिका खोलने को न कहा जाए तब तक न खोलें।

सीरीज़

क्रमांक :

B

कोड : DFMET-02

1293718

2018

विषय : अंग्रेजी

भाग-I : सामान्य अध्ययन : प्रश्न संख्या 1 से 30

भाग-II : अंग्रेजी : प्रश्न संख्या 31 से 150

समय : 2 घण्टे

पूर्णांक : 150

अपना अनुक्रमांक सामने बॉक्स में
लिखें

अंकों में
शब्दों में

प्रश्नों के उत्तर के लिए केवल काले बॉल-प्वॉइंट पेन का इस्तेमाल करें।

अभ्यर्थी उत्तर देने से पहले सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लें।

आपको अपने सभी उत्तर केवल उत्तर-पत्रक पर ही देने हैं। परीक्षा के उपरांत उत्तर-पत्रक की मूल प्रति निरीक्षक को सौंप दें।

महत्वपूर्ण अनुदेश

1. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर हैं। सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
2. उत्तर-पत्रक पर अभ्यर्थी अपना सही अनुक्रमांक, विषय, परीक्षण पुस्तिका का सही कोड एवं सीरीज़ अंकित करें अन्यथा उत्तर-पत्रक का मूल्यांकन नहीं किया जाएगा और उसकी जिम्मेदारी स्वयं अभ्यर्थी की होगी।
3. इस परीक्षण पुस्तिका में 150 प्रश्न हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार (4) वैकल्पिक उत्तर प्रश्न के नीचे दिए गए हैं। इन चारों में से केवल एक ही सही उत्तर है। जिस उत्तर को आप सही या सबसे उचित समझते हैं, उत्तर-पत्रक में उसके अक्षर वाले वृत्त को काले बॉल-प्वॉइंट पेन से पूरा काला कर दें।
4. अनुक्रमांक के अलावा परीक्षण पुस्तिका के कवर पेज पर कुछ न लिखें। इसके अलावा परीक्षण पुस्तिका के अंदर और कुछ न लिखें। यदि आप रुक कार्य करना चाहते हैं, तो आप निरीक्षक से वर्किंग शीट माँग लें व इस पर वांछित सूचनाएँ भर लें।
5. परीक्षण पुस्तिका के तुरंत बाद जाँच करके देख लें कि परीक्षण पुस्तिका के सभी पेज भली-भांति छपे हुए हैं। यदि परीक्षण पुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो, तो निरीक्षक को दिखाकर उसी सीरीज़ व कोड की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
6. गलत उत्तरों के लिए दण्ड :
उत्तर-पत्रक में उम्मीदवार द्वारा दिए गए गलत उत्तरों के लिए दण्ड दिया जाएगा।
 - (i) प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर हैं। उम्मीदवार द्वारा प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिए दिए गए एक गलत उत्तर के लिए प्रश्न हेतु नियत किए गए अंकों का एक-तिहाई दण्ड के रूप में काटा जाएगा।
 - (ii) यदि कोई उम्मीदवार एक से अधिक उत्तर देता है, तो इसे गलत उत्तर माना जाएगा, यद्यपि दिए गए उत्तरों में से एक उत्तर सही होता है, फिर भी उस प्रश्न के लिए उपर्युक्तानुसार ही उसी तरह का दण्ड दिया जाएगा।
 - (iii) यदि उम्मीदवार द्वारा कोई प्रश्न हल नहीं किया जाता है अर्थात् उम्मीदवार द्वारा उत्तर नहीं दिया जाता है, तो उस प्रश्न के लिए कोई दण्ड नहीं दिया जाएगा।

SEAL

जब तक आपको यह परीक्षण पुस्तिका खोलने को न कहा जाए तब तक न खोलें।

6. If $2x + \frac{2}{x} = 3$, then the value of $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} + 2$ is

- (a) $\frac{3}{8}$
- (b) $\frac{19}{8}$
- (c) $\frac{21}{8}$
- (d) $\frac{7}{8}$

7. If one of the roots of the quadratic equation $2x^2 + px + 4 = 0$ is 2, then the other root is

- (a) -2
- (b) -1
- (c) +1
- (d) +2

8. In which State was the military exercise 'Vijay Prahar' held in May 2018?

- (a) Maharashtra
- (b) Gujarat
- (c) Rajasthan
- (d) Madhya Pradesh

9. Who has won the Women Singles Title of Badminton in Commonwealth Games, 2018?

- (a) Saina Nehwal
- (b) P. V. Sindhu
- (c) K. Gilmour
- (d) Michelle Li

10. In the World Press Freedom Index, 2018, India is placed at

- (a) 135th
- (b) 136th
- (c) 138th
- (d) 137th

6. यदि $2x + \frac{2}{x} = 3$ हो, तो $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} + 2$ का मान है

- (a) $\frac{3}{8}$
- (b) $\frac{19}{8}$
- (c) $\frac{21}{8}$
- (d) $\frac{7}{8}$

7. यदि द्विघाती समीकरण $2x^2 + px + 4 = 0$ का एक मूल 2 है, तो इसका दूसरा मूल है

- (a) -2
- (b) -1
- (c) +1
- (d) +2

8. मई 2018 में किस राज्य में सैन्य अभ्यास 'विजय प्रहर' सम्पन्न हुआ?

- (a) महाराष्ट्र
- (b) गुजरात
- (c) राजस्थान
- (d) मध्य प्रदेश

9. राष्ट्रमंडल खेल, 2018 में बैडमिन्टन का महिला एकल खिताब किसने जीता है?

- (a) साइना नेहवाल
- (b) पी० वी० सिन्धू
- (c) के० गिलमौर
- (d) मिशेल ली

10. विश्व प्रेस स्वतंत्रता सूचकांक, 2018 में भारत का स्थान है

- (a) 135वाँ
- (b) 136वाँ
- (c) 138वाँ
- (d) 137वाँ

11. In which of the following texts, it is stated that those who could not speak Sanskrit language correctly were called 'Mlechas'?

- (a) *Shvetashvatara Upanishad*
- (b) *Gopatha Brahmana*
- (c) *Brihadaranyaka Upanishad*
- (d) *Shatapatha Brahmana*

12. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists :

<i>List-I</i> (King)	<i>List-II</i> (Spouse)
A. Chandragupta I	1. Dutta Devi
B. Samudragupta	2. Kuberanaga
C. Chandragupta II	3. Kumara Devi
D. Kumaragupta I	4. Ananta Devi

Codes :

- (a) A B C D
2 3 4 1
- (b) A B C D
3 2 4 1
- (c) A B C D
3 1 2 4
- (d) A B C D
4 3 1 2

11. निम्नलिखित में से किस ग्रंथ में कहा गया है कि वे जो संस्कृत भाषा शुद्ध नहीं बोल सकते थे उन्हें 'म्लेच्छ' कहा जाता था?

- (a) श्वेताश्वतर उपनिषद्
- (b) गोपथ ब्राह्मण
- (c) वृहदारण्यक उपनिषद्
- (d) शतपथ ब्राह्मण

12. सूची-I को सूची-II से सुमेलित कीजिए तथा सूचियों के नीचे दिए गए कूट का प्रयोग कर सही उत्तर चुनिए :

सूची-I (राजा)	सूची-II (पत्नी)
A. चन्द्रगुप्त प्रथम	1. दत्ता देवी
B. समुद्रगुप्त	2. कुबेरनागा
C. चन्द्रगुप्त द्वितीय	3. कुमार देवी
D. कुमारगुप्त प्रथम	4. अनन्त देवी

कूट :

- (a) A B C D
2 3 4 1
- (b) A B C D
3 2 4 1
- (c) A B C D
3 1 2 4
- (d) A B C D
4 3 1 2

13. With reference to the book *Arthashastra*, which of the following statements is/are correct?

1. It is the oldest masterpiece on Indian State Policy.
2. There is no description of Mauryan empire and administration in this book.

Select the correct answer using the codes given below.

Codes :

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

14. Who among the following addressed Delhi as one of the greatest cities in the world?

- (a) Ibn Batuta
- (b) Alberuni
- (c) Farishta
- (d) Abul Fazl

15. Who is known as the Father of India's Local Self-Government?

- (a) Lord Lytton
- (b) Lord Ripon
- (c) Lord Curzon
- (d) Lord Dalhousie

16. At least how many days are required to give the prior notice for the impeachment of the President of India?

- (a) 7 days
- (b) 14 days
- (c) 21 days
- (d) 30 days

13. अर्थशास्त्र पुस्तक के संदर्भ में निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा/से कथन सही है/हैं?

1. यह भारतीय राजशासन के संबंध में उपलब्ध प्राचीनतम उत्कृष्ट रचना है।
2. इस पुस्तक में मौर्य साम्राज्य तथा शासनतंत्र का कोई उल्लेख नहीं मिलता।
नीचे दिए गए कूट का प्रयोग कर सही उत्तर चुनिए।

कूट :

- (a) केवल 1
- (b) केवल 2
- (c) 1 और 2 दोनों
- (d) न तो 1 और न ही 2

14. इनमें से किसने दिल्ली को विश्व के उत्कृष्टतम शहरों में से एक के रूप में बताया?

- (a) इब्न बतूता
- (b) अलबेरुनी
- (c) फरिश्ता
- (d) अबुल फज्जल

15. भारत में स्थानीय स्वायत्त शासन का जनक किसे कहा जाता है?

- (a) लॉर्ड लिटन
- (b) लॉर्ड रिपन
- (c) लॉर्ड कर्जन
- (d) लॉर्ड डलहौज़ी

16. भारत के राष्ट्रपति पर महाभियोग चलाने के लिए कम-से-कम कितने दिन की पूर्व सूचना आवश्यक है?

- (a) 7 दिन
- (b) 14 दिन
- (c) 21 दिन
- (d) 30 दिन

17. Who administers the oath of office and secrecy to the Governor of a State in India?

- The President of India
- The Vice President of India
- The Chief Justice of the High Court of the State
- The Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of the State

18. Which Part of our Constitution envisages a three-tier system of Panchayati Raj?

- Part IX
- Part X
- Part XI
- Part XII

19. Which of the following States has **no** oil refinery?

- Gujarat
- Kerala
- Chhattisgarh
- West Bengal

20. Which of the following rivers does **not** flow in Australia?

- Hunter River
- Flinders River
- Orange River
- Gilbert River

21. Which of the following States recorded decrease in its population in 2011 Census?

- Kerala
- Sikkim
- Nagaland
- Manipur

17. भारत में किसी राज्य के राज्यपाल को पद और गोपनीयता की शपथ कौन दिलवाता है?

- भारत का राष्ट्रपति
- भारत का उपराष्ट्रपति
- राज्य के उच्च न्यायालय का मुख्य न्यायाधीश
- राज्य की विधान सभा का अध्यक्ष

18. हमारे संविधान के किस भाग में पंचायती राज के तीन सोपानों की व्यवस्था का विवेचन किया गया?

- भाग IX
- भाग X
- भाग XI
- भाग XII

19. निम्नलिखित में से किस राज्य में तेल शोधनशाला नहीं है?

- गुजरात
- केरल
- छत्तीसगढ़
- पश्चिम बंगाल

20. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सी नदी ऑस्ट्रेलिया में नहीं बहती है?

- हंटर रिवर
- फ्लिन्डर्स रिवर
- ऑरेन्ज रिवर
- गिल्बर्ट रिवर

21. निम्नलिखित में से किस राज्य में 2011 की जनगणना में जनसंख्या का हास अभिलिखित हुआ है?

- केरल
- सिक्किम
- नागालैण्ड
- मणिपुर

22. Which of the following is the most effective measure of population control according to Malthus?

- (a) War
- (b) Disaster
- (c) Birth control
- (d) Social evils

23. Which of the following is *not* a biome?

- (a) Desert
- (b) Grassland
- (c) Ecosystem
- (d) Tundra

24. Dudhwa National Park is situated in which of the following States?

- (a) Assam
- (b) Uttarakhand
- (c) Rajasthan
- (d) Uttar Pradesh

25. According to the Fourth Round of National Family Health Survey, the current TFR (Total Fertility Rate—children per woman) is

- (a) 2.2
- (b) 3.2
- (c) 4.2
- (d) 4.5

22. मालथस के अनुसार निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा उपाय जनसंख्या-नियंत्रण में सर्वाधिक प्रभावी है?

- (a) युद्ध
- (b) आपदा
- (c) जन्म-नियंत्रण
- (d) सामाजिक बुराइयाँ

23. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा एक जीवोम नहीं है?

- (a) रेगिस्तान
- (b) घास का स्थल
- (c) पारिस्थितिक तंत्र
- (d) टुण्ड्रा

24. दुधवा नैशनल पार्क निम्नलिखित में से किस राज्य में स्थित है?

- (a) असम
- (b) उत्तराखण्ड
- (c) राजस्थान
- (d) उत्तर प्रदेश

25. राष्ट्रीय परिवार स्वास्थ्य सर्वेक्षण के चतुर्थ चक्र के अनुसार, वर्तमान में टी० एफ० आर० (कुल प्रजनन दर — बच्चे प्रति महिला) है

- (a) 2.2
- (b) 3.2
- (c) 4.2
- (d) 4.5

26. Which of the following census years is known as the 'Year of Great Divide' in India?

- (a) 1911
- (b) 1921
- (c) 1951
- (d) 1991

27. SRI method is related to

- (a) wheat
- (b) cotton
- (c) mustard
- (d) paddy

28. Which of the following pairs is **not** correctly matched?

<i>Crop</i>	<i>Insect-pest</i>
(a) Groundnut	: Pod borer
(b) Gram	: Pod borer
(c) Paddy	: Banka
(d) Maize	: Stem borer

29. The rotation intensity of Maize-Potato-Mung bean is

- (a) 100%
- (b) 200%
- (c) 250%
- (d) 300%

30. Which of the following pairs is **not** correctly matched?

<i>Crop</i>	<i>Variety</i>
(a) Groundnut	: Kaushal
(b) Mustard	: Vardan
(c) Linseed	: Chamatkari
(d) Gram	: Udal

26. निम्नलिखित जनगणना वर्षों में से किसे भारत में 'महाविभाजन का वर्ष' के रूप में जाना जाता है?

- (a) 1911
- (b) 1921
- (c) 1951
- (d) 1991

27. एस० आइ० आइ० विधि संबंधित है

- (a) गेहूँ से
- (b) कपास से
- (c) सरसों से
- (d) धान से

28. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा युग्म सही सुमेलित नहीं है?

<i>फसल</i>	<i>कीट</i>
(a) मूँगफली	: फली छेदक
(b) चना	: फली छेदक
(c) धान	: बंका
(d) मक्का	: तना छेदक

29. मक्का-आलू-मूँग के फसल-चक्र की सघनता है

- (a) 100%
- (b) 200%
- (c) 250%
- (d) 300%

30. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा युग्म सही सुमेलित नहीं है?

<i>फसल</i>	<i>प्रजाति</i>
(a) मूँगफली	: कौशल
(b) सरसों	: वरदान
(c) अलसी	: चमत्कार
(d) चना	: उदय

PART-II : ENGLISH / भाग-II : अंग्रेजी

31. Change the following sentence into Passive Voice :

Somebody had cleaned my shoes and brushed my suit.

- (a) My shoes were cleaned and my suit brushed.
- (b) My shoes are cleaned and my suit brushed by somebody.
- (c) My shoes have been cleaned and my suit brushed by somebody.
- (d) My shoes had been cleaned and my suit brushed.

32. Robert Frost was

- (a) a British poet settled in America
- (b) an American poet settled in England
- (c) a Canadian poet settled in America
- (d) an American poet settled in New England

33. Stanley Webber in *The Birthday Party* pretends to be a one-time

- (a) flute player
- (b) guitarist
- (c) drummer
- (d) pianist

34. The four humours in Ben Jonson's time were

- (a) love, hate, laughter and sorrow
- (b) choler, yellow bile, melancholy and black bile
- (c) tear, blood, bile and saliva
- (d) blood, phlegm, yellow bile and black bile

35. Who is sick of 'self-love' in Shakespeare's *Twelfth Night* ?

- (a) Malvolio
- (b) Sir Toby Belch
- (c) Sir Andrew Aguecheek
- (d) Olivia

36. The sleep-walking scene occurs in

- (a) *King Lear*
- (b) *Macbeth*
- (c) *Othello*
- (d) *The Merchant of Venice*

37. Where does the Third Act in *Arms and the Man* take place?

- (a) Library
- (b) Garden
- (c) Army Camp
- (d) Battlefield

38. Choose the correct forms of the verbs given in the brackets :

It is very pleasant (wake) up and (hear) the rain (beat) on the windows.

- (a) waking, hearing, beat
- (b) wake, hearing, beat
- (c) to wake, hear, beating
- (d) to wake, to hear, beat

39. Dryden's *All for Love* is a retelling of Shakespeare's

- (a) *Antony and Cleopatra*
- (b) *The Merchant of Venice*
- (c) *Macbeth*
- (d) *Twelfth Night*

40. Dryden's *All for Love* is written in

- (a) free verse
- (b) blank verse
- (c) rime
- (d) heroic couplet

41. Identify the correct sentence.

- (a) She entered into the room without knocking at the door.
- (b) She entered in the room without knocking at the door.
- (c) She entered the room without knocking on the door.
- (d) She entered into the room without knocking on the door.

42. Fill in the blank :

Do you ever send ____ for things rather than buying them in shops?

- (a) up
- (b) out
- (c) off
- (d) through

43. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists :

List-I

List-II

A. Euphemism	1. A striking opposition or contrast of words or sentiments made in the same sentence
B. Antithesis	2. Description of a disagreeable thing by an agreeable name
C. Epigram	3. A statement that is made emphatic by overstatement
D. Hyperbole	4. A brief pointed saying frequently introducing antithetical ideas which excite surprise and arrest attention

Codes :

- (a) A B C D
1 4 3 2
- (b) A B C D
3 2 1 4
- (c) A B C D
4 3 2 1
- (d) A B C D
2 1 4 3

Who has described Bacon as "the wisest, brightest, meanest of mankind" ?

- 1 Macaulay
- 2 Alexander Pope
- 3 Dr. Johnson
- 4 Hugh Walker

45. Who is the essayist who called his essays 'dispersed meditations'?

- (a) A. G. Gardiner
- (b) Bertrand Russell
- (c) Joseph
- (d) Francis Bacon

46. Who wrote under the pseudonym 'Alpha of the Plough'?

- (a) Charles Lamb
- (b) Francis Bacon
- (c) R. L. Stevenson
- (d) A. G. Gardiner

47. The word 'Elia' is associated with

- (a) Thomas De Quincey
- (b) William Hazlitt
- (c) Charles Lamb
- (d) Francis Bacon

48. How much money does the narrator of the short story, *The Luncheon* have when the story opens?

- (a) Sixty francs
- (b) Eighty francs
- (c) Seventy francs
- (d) Ninety francs

49. Who is credited for pioneering the Historical Novel?

- (a) Laurence Sterne
- (b) Jane Austen
- (c) Walter Scott
- (d) Henry Fielding

50. The phrase 'two inches of ivory' is used for the plots of

- (a) Thomas Hardy
- (b) Charles Dickens
- (c) Virginia Woolf
- (d) Jane Austen

51. Who is Pip's tutor in London in Dickens' *Great Expectations* ?

- (a) Harold Pockel
- (b) Walter Pockel
- (c) Herbert Pockel
- (d) Matthew Pockel

52. Fielding's *Joseph Andrews* parodies

- (a) *Gulliver's Travels*
- (b) *Tess*
- (c) *Pamela*
- (d) *Oliver Twist*

53. "Happiness is but an occasional episode in the general drama of pain."

The above statement occurs in

- (a) *Joseph Andrews*
- (b) *Lord of the Flies*
- (c) *The Mayor of Casterbridge*
- (d) *Animal Farm*

54. Whom did Henchard arrange to hire as his Business Manager before meeting Farfrae in *The Mayor of Casterbridge*?

- (a) Christopher Coney
- (b) Solomon Longways
- (c) Nance Mockridge
- (d) Joshua Jopp

55. *Mrs. Dalloway* describes the events of

- (a) four days
- (b) two days
- (c) one day
- (d) three days

56. Mr. Behrman in *The Last Leaf* is

- (a) a neighbour living downstairs
- (b) Johns's art teacher
- (c) a surgeon
- (d) Sue's boyfriend

57. The Bennet family in *Pride and Prejudice* lives in the _____ estate.

- (a) Longbourn
- (b) Pemberley
- (c) Rosings
- (d) Greenfield

58. Who is the Old Man in *The Old Man and the Sea*?

- (a) Sebastian
- (b) Santiago
- (c) Antonio
- (d) Ferdinand

59. The statement "All animals are equal but some are more equal than others" occurs in

- (a) *Panchatantra*
- (b) *Lord of the Flies*
- (c) *Animal Farm*
- (d) *The Fly*

60. *Lord of the Flies* is a literal translation of

- (a) Beelzebub
- (b) Satan
- (c) Lucifer
- (d) Mephistophilis

61. 'Unoka' is associated with the novel

- (a) *The Bachelor of Arts*
- (b) *Things Fall Apart*
- (c) *A Grain of Wheat*
- (d) *The Petals of Blood*

62. Choose the best alternative which expresses the meaning of the underlined phrase :

What egged you on to become a social worker?

- (a) dampened
- (b) urged
- (c) hindered
- (d) discouraged

63. Rangamma in *Kanthapura* organizes the women and calls this group

- (a) Gram Sevika
- (b) Mahila Sangha
- (c) Mahila Sevika
- (d) Sevika Sangha

Read the passage given below carefully and answer the questions that follow (Question Nos. 64 to 68). Choose the correct option from the alternatives provided :

True it is the function of the army to maintain law and order in abnormal times. But in normal times there is another force that compels citizens to obey the laws and to act with due regards to the rights of others. The force also protects the lives and the properties of law-abiding men. Laws are made to secure the personal safety of its subjects and to prevent murder and crimes of violence. They are made to secure the property of the citizens against theft and damage to protect the rights of communities and castes to carry out their customs and ceremonies, so long as they do not conflict with the rights of others.

Now the good citizen, of his own free will, obeys these laws and he takes care that everything he does is done with due regard to the rights and well-being of others. But the bad citizen is only restrained from breaking these laws by fear of the consequence of his actions. And the necessary steps to compel the bad citizen to act as a good citizen are taken by this force. The supreme control of law and order in a State is in the hands of a Minister who is responsible to the State Assembly and acts through the Inspector General of Police.

64. The expression 'customs and ceremonies' means

- (a) fairs and festivals
- (b) habits and traditions
- (c) usual practices and religious rites
- (d) superstitions and formalities

65. A suitable title for the given passage would be

- (a) The function of the army
- (b) Laws and the people's rights
- (c) The fear of the law and citizens' security
- (d) The functions of the police

66. According to the writer, which one of the following is *not* the responsibility of the police?

- (a) To protect the privileges of all citizens
- (b) To check violent activities of citizens
- (c) To ensure peace among citizens by safeguarding individual rights
- (d) To maintain peace during extraordinary circumstances

67. Which of the following reflects the main thrust of the passage?

- (a) It deals with the importance of the army in maintaining law and order.
- (b) It highlights the role of the police as superior to that of the army.
- (c) It discusses the roles of the army and the police in different circumstances.
- (d) It points to the responsibility of the Minister and the Inspector General of Police.

68. Out of the following, which one has the opposite meaning to the word 'restrained' in the passage?

- (a) Promoted
- (b) Accelerated
- (c) Intruded
- (d) Inhibited

Read the following poetic lines and answer the questions that follow (Question Nos. 69 to 72) :

Riches I hold in light esteem,
And love I laugh to scorn;
And lust of fame was but a dream,
That vanished with the morn:

And if I pray, the only prayer
That moves my lips for me
Is, "Leave the heart that now bears,
And give me liberty!"

69. What does 'Riches' mean here?

- (a) Laxmi goddess
- (b) Material gains
- (c) Name of a girl
- (d) Money

70. What does the poet say about 'lust of fame'?

The poet says that it is

- (a) passion
- (b) craze
- (c) transitory
- (d) ecstasy

71. What is the condition of the poet?

The poet is/has

- (a) dissatisfied with the present
- (b) satisfied with the present
- (c) love for future
- (d) love for past

72. What does the poet pray for?

- (a) Escape from the earth
- (b) Break of heart
- (c) Liberty of soul
- (d) Prestige

Choose the correctly spelt word (Question Nos.

73 to 75) :

73. Which of the following is correctly spelt?

- (a) Incredible
- (b) Uncredible
- (c) Encredible
- (d) Discredible

74. Which of the following has the correct spelling?

- (a) Connoisseur
- (b) Connoiseur
- (c) Connoisseur
- (d) Connoissur

75. Find out the correctly spelt word.

- (a) Restorent
- (b) Restaurent
- (c) Restarent
- (d) Restaurant

Question Nos. 76 to 78 are based on word formation. Change the word as desired :

76. Change the word 'grass' into verb.

- (a) Grassland
- (b) Grasshopper
- (c) Grass
- (d) Graze

77. Which of the following is a noun of 'condemn'?

- (a) Condemned
- (b) Condemning
- (c) Condemningly
- (d) Condemnation

78. Which of the following is the verb of 'internal'?

- (a) Internally
- (b) Internalize
- (c) Intervention
- (d) Inter

Choose the correct option on the use of punctuation marks (Question Nos. 79 to 81) :

79. Punctuate the following sentence correctly :

men may come and men may go
but I go on forever

- (a) Men may come and men may go, but I go on forever.
- (b) Men may come, and men may go, but I go on forever.
- (c) Men, may come, and men, may go but I go on forever.
- (d) Men may come and men may go, but, I go on, forever.

80. Punctuate the following sentence correctly :

I therefore request to grant me leave

- (a) I, therefore, request to grant me leave.
- (b) I therefore, request to grant me leave.
- (c) I therefore request, to grant me leave.
- (d) I therefore request to grant, me leave.

81. Punctuate the following sentence correctly :

I like all things good and bad
beautiful and ugly dark and bright

- (a) I like all things good and bad, beautiful and ugly; dark and bright.
- (b) I like all things good and bad, beautiful and ugly, dark and bright.
- (c) I like all things good and bad; beautiful and ugly, dark and bright.
- (d) I like all things, good and bad; beautiful and ugly; dark and bright.

Question Nos. 82 to 84 are based on Parts of Speech. Choose the correct option as desired :

82. Choose the correct Plural Form from the following.

- (a) Manservants
- (b) Menservant
- (c) Menservants
- (d) Man's servant

83. Choose the correct sentence from the following.

- (a) I am obliged of you for this good turn.
- (b) I am obliged to you for this good turn.
- (c) I am obliged with you for this good turn.
- (d) I am obliged to you by this good turn.

84. Choose the correct sentence from the following.

- (a) Because he is clever therefore, he gets good marks.
- (b) Because he is clever so he gets good marks.
- (c) Because he is clever, he gets good marks.
- (d) Because he is clever so that he gets good marks.

Question Nos. **85** to **87** are based on Vocabulary. Answer them as desired :

85. Give the synonym of the word 'candid'.

- (a) Apparent
- (b) Explicit
- (c) Frank
- (d) Bright

86. Give the antonym of the word 'disparage'.

- (a) Please
- (b) Praise
- (c) Belittle
- (d) Denigrate

87. Fill in the blank with suitable option :

His speech was disappointing : it _____ all the major issues.

- (a) projected
- (b) revealed
- (c) skirted
- (d) analyzed

Question Nos. **88** to **90** are Tense-based questions, and are to be answered as instructed :

88. Which of the following Tenses refers to a completed action?

- (a) Simple Present
- (b) Present Progressive
- (c) Present Perfect
- (d) Present Perfect Continuous

89. Which of the following sentences is in Present Perfect Continuous Tense?

- (a) I was making cakes.
- (b) I have been making cakes.
- (c) I had been making cakes.
- (d) I will be making cakes.

90. Choose the correct sentence in Present Continuous Tense.

- (a) My uncle will be making a speech on Tuesday.
- (b) My uncle has been making a speech on Tuesday.
- (c) My uncle is making a speech on Tuesday.
- (d) My uncle shall be making a speech on Tuesday.

Choose the correct meaning of the given phrases and idioms (Question Nos. 91 to 94) :

91. Give the correct meaning of the idiom 'in camera'.

- (a) A small bulb in a camera
- (b) A film in a camera
- (c) In a darkroom
- (d) At a secret or private place

92. Choose the correct meaning of the idiom 'once in a blue moon'.

- (a) Once in a decade
- (b) Once in a year
- (c) Very rarely
- (d) Very commonly

93. Give the correct meaning of the following idiom/phrase :

'To accept the gauntlet'

- (a) To accept defeat
- (b) To accept a challenge
- (c) To suffer humiliation
- (d) To accept an honour

94. Fill in the blank with the correct idiom/phrase :

If you disturb me, I shall ____ of my story.

- (a) put up with
- (b) waste one's breath
- (c) lose the thread
- (d) move with times

Question Nos. 95 to 98 are based on Direct/Indirect Narration. Answer them as desired :

95. Put the given sentence into Indirect Narration :

"Good morning, Vijay," said Ramesh. "Are you going to the market?"

- (a) Ramesh wished Vijay good morning and asked whether he was going to the market.
- (b) Ramesh said good morning to Vijay and asked was he going to the market?
- (c) Ramesh wished good morning to Vijay and asked when he was going to the market.
- (d) Ramesh told good morning to Vijay and asked that whether he was going to the market.

96. Change the following sentence into Direct Narration :

Moti asked Gangu whether the latter was in his senses.

- (a) "Hey Gangu, are you in your senses now?" asked Moti.
- (b) "Gangu, have you lost your senses?" asked Moti.
- (c) "Gangu, are you in your senses?" asked Moti.
- (d) "Are you senseless, Gangu?" asked Moti.

97. Put the following sentence into Indirect Narration :

Sohan said to me, "I have always been your friend."

- (a) Sohan told me that he has always been my friend.
- (b) Sohan told me that I had always been your friend.
- (c) Sohan told me that I have always been his friend.
- (d) Sohan told me that he had always been my friend.

98. Change the following sentence into Indirect Narration :

He said to her, "What a cold day!"

- (a) He told her that it was a cold day.
- (b) He exclaimed that it was a cold day.
- (c) He exclaimed sorrowfully that it was a cold day.
- (d) He exclaimed that it was a very cold day.

Question Nos. **99** and **100** are based on choosing the correct sentence :

99. Choose the correct sentence.

- (a) When I went to school we had to learn Latin.
- (b) When I went to school we must have been learning Latin.
- (c) When I had gone to school we would be learning Latin.
- (d) When I had to go to school we might learnt Latin.

100. Pick out the correct sentence.

- (a) When I grow up I would be an astronaut.
- (b) When I grow up then I'll be an astronaut.
- (c) When I shall grow up I'll be an astronaut.
- (d) When I grow up I'm going to be an astronaut.

Question Nos. 101 to 103 are based on transformation and synthesis of sentences. Answer them as instructed :

101. Transform the following sentence into Assertive Sentence :

What is better than milk for one's health?

- (a) Anything is better than milk for one's health.
- (b) Everything is better than milk for one's health.
- (c) Something is better than milk for one's health.
- (d) Nothing is better than milk for one's health.

102. Synthesize the following set of sentences into one Simple Sentence :

Homer was a great poet. He was born somewhere. Nobody knows where.

- (a) Homer was a great poet, born anywhere.
- (b) Nobody knows the birthplace of the great poet, Homer.
- (c) Homer, a great poet, was born somewhere.
- (d) Who knows the birthplace of Homer that was a great poet.

103. Transform the following sentence into Compound Sentence :

In spite of being unwell, he kept on working.

- (a) He was unwell though kept on working.
- (b) He was unwell and kept on working.
- (c) He was unwell, but he kept on working.
- (d) He was unwell yet kept on working.

Translate the given sentences into English (Question Nos. 104 to 106) :

104. Translate the following sentence into English :

ओस चाटने से प्यास नहीं बुझती।

- (a) By licking dew thirst cannot be quenched.
- (b) Much cry, little try.
- (c) Great thirst, little dew.
- (d) Fog cannot be dispelled by a fan.

105. Translate the following sentence into English :

जिसकी लाठी उसकी भैस।

- (a) Might is right.
- (b) The buffalo belongs to the person who holds a stick.
- (c) Whose stick, his buffalo.
- (d) The buffalo will come to the person who guides it with a stick.

106. Translate the following sentence into English :

अन्त भला तो सब भला।

- (a) All is well that ends well.
- (b) If end is good, everything is good.
- (c) If end is well, everything is well.
- (d) All is good that ends good.

Translate the given sentences into Hindi
(Question Nos. 107 to 109) :

107. Translate the following sentence into Hindi :

Several villages were burnt down.

- (a) कई गाँव जला दिये गये।
- (b) गाँवों को जला दिया गया।
- (c) कई गाँव जल गये।
- (d) गाँवों को जला डाला गया।

108. Translate the following sentence into Hindi :

I should not mind a little more tea.

- (a) मुझे थोड़ी चाय और चल जाएगी।
- (b) मुझे थोड़ी चाय और दे दीजिये।
- (c) मैं और चाय के लिये तैयार हूँ।
- (d) मैं थोड़ी और चाय ले लूँगा।

109. Translate the following sentence into Hindi :

Were I to be elected again, I would solve these problems.

- (a) क्या मैं पुनःनिर्वाचित होने के लिये इन समस्याओं को हल कर दूँ।
- (b) यदि मैं दुबारा चुना जाऊँ तो इन समस्याओं को हल कर दूँगा।
- (c) क्या मैं फिर से निर्वाचित होने के लिये इन समस्याओं को हल कर दूँगा।
- (d) यदि मैं दुबारा चुना गया तो समस्याएँ ही नहीं रहेंगी।

Question Nos. 110 to 113 are based on Letter Writing. Answer as desired :

110. Point out the salutation in an informal letter.

- (a) Dear Mother
- (b) Sir
- (c) Dear Madam
- (d) Dear Gentlemen

111. An informal letter has the following parts :

- (a) Salutation, Body and Signature
- (b) Salutation, Matter and Subscription
- (c) Salutation, Body, Subscription and Signature
- (d) None of the above

112. 'With love' is used in which part of an informal letter?

- (a) Heading
- (b) Opening
- (c) Closing
- (d) Body

113. In order to have a desired effect on the recipient, a formal letter should be

- (a) in the proper format
- (b) to the point and relevant
- (c) grammatically correct
- (d) All of the above

114. Which among the following is a sonnet?

- (a) *Break, Break, Break*
- (b) *Ozymandias*
- (c) *The Canonization*
- (d) *Tintern Abbey*

115. A sonnet having three quatrains and a couplet, with rhyming scheme—*abab, cdcd, efef, gg*—is called

- (a) Miltonic sonnet
- (b) Petrarchan sonnet
- (c) Shakespearean sonnet
- (d) Italian sonnet

116. Who introduced 'Ottava Rima' into English?

- (a) Chaucer
- (b) Byron
- (c) Wyatt
- (d) Milton

117. The Pindaric Ode consists of

- (a) strophe, epode, antipode
- (b) strophe, antistrophe, epode
- (c) epode, antipode, strophe
- (d) strophe, antipode, epode

118. What is blank verse?

- (a) It has a metre but no rhyme.
- (b) It has no metre and no rhyme.
- (c) It has a rhyme but no metre.
- (d) None of the above

119. The greatest poet of dramatic monologue in English is

- (a) Shakespeare
- (b) John Donne
- (c) Tennyson
- (d) Robert Browning

120. 'Litotes' means

- (a) a change of life
- (b) opposite of hyperbole
- (c) abstract notions
- (d) concrete irony

121. Which of the following is *not* an elegy?

- (a) *Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard*
- (b) *Adonais*
- (c) *Tintern Abbey*
- (d) *Rugby Chapel*

122. The Reformation Movement was led by

- (a) Ptolemaic
- (b) Martin Luther
- (c) Roman Catholic Church
- (d) Mahatma Gandhi

123. Who said, "Donne affects the metaphysics not only in his satires but also in his amorous verses"?

- (a) John Dryden
- (b) Samuel Johnson
- (c) T. S. Eliot
- (d) Matthew Arnold

124. Ben Jonson wrote _____ comedies.

- (a) romantic
- (b) classical
- (c) absurd
- (d) farcical

125. John Bunyan's *The Pilgrim's Progress* is

- (a) an allegory
- (b) a satire
- (c) a comedy
- (d) a romance

126. *Eminent Victorians* by Lytton Strachey is

- (a) an autobiography
- (b) a biography
- (c) a memoir
- (d) a travelogue

127. Who among the following is *not* associated with the pre-Raphaelite brotherhood?

- (a) D. G. Rossetti
- (b) Dylan Thomas
- (c) W. H. Hunt
- (d) J. E. Millais

128. Expressionism as a movement originated in the early 20th century in

- France
- England
- Germany
- Italy

129. Who among the following is the Movement Poet?

- Ted Hughes
- T. S. Eliot
- W. H. Auden
- Philip Larkin

130. Who said, "A thought to Donne was an experience. It modified his sensibility"?

- Dr. Johnson
- T. S. Eliot
- I. A. Richards
- F. R. Leavis

131. The term 'conceit' has relevance in

- Elizabethan poetry
- Restoration poetry
- Eighteenth century poetry
- Metaphysical poetry

132. The 'coffeehouse' culture flourished in

- the early eighteenth century
- the nineteenth century
- the sixteenth century
- the twentieth century

133. The phrase 'stamped face' in Donne's poem, *The Canonization* refers to

- a postal stamp
- a coin
- the face that has been struck
- the face that has suppressed a rebellion

134. Identify the most suitable salutation for a business letter.

- Dear Sirs
- Dear Friends
- Dear Sir
- My Dear Sir

135. The opening lines of *Paradise Lost* are a good example of

- heroic couplet
- Miltonic inversion
- sprung rhythm
- hyperbole

136. What was the leading principle in the age of Pope?

- Good sense
- Romantic thought
- Loose morals
- All of the above

137. What is the real name of Belinda in Pope's *The Rape of the Lock*?

- Cynthia Fermor
- Lucy Fermor
- Arabella Fermor
- Maria Fermor

138. Who said, "Poets are the mirrors of the gigantic shadows which futurity cast upon the present"?

- P. B. Shelley
- Robert Browning
- W. H. Auden
- Lord Tennyson

139. What term does Keats use for the Grecian Urn?

- Doctor
- Sociologist
- Artist
- Historian

140. Who narrates the poem, *My Last Duchess*?

- (a) Robert Browning
- (b) An omniscient speaker
- (c) The Duke
- (d) The Visitor

141. Which of the following characteristics describes the tone of *Dover Beach* best?

- (a) Enthusiastic
- (b) Hopeful
- (c) Pessimistic
- (d) Tranquil

142. The name of Ulysses' son is

- (a) Timothy
- (b) Tithonus
- (c) Telemachus
- (d) Andronicus

143. Complete the following line of W. B. Yeats:

Turning and turning in the
widening ____.

- (a) gyre
- (b) grey
- (c) circle
- (d) street

144. W. B. Yeats used 'Byzantium' as a symbol of

- (a) romantic decadence
- (b) physical well-being
- (c) material progress
- (d) artistic perfection

145. In which poem does the title of Achebe's novel, *Things Fall Apart* occur?

- (a) *Ulysses*
- (b) *Dover Beach*
- (c) *Wants*
- (d) *The Second Coming*

146. Point out the Active Voice of the following sentence:

I would like him to be assisted.

- (a) I would like that he may be assisted.
- (b) I would wish that you should assist him.
- (c) I would wish he should be assisted.
- (d) I would like you to assist him.

147. 'A Game of Chess', the second section in *The Waste Land*, is also the title of a play to which T. S. Eliot refers in his 'Notes'. That play was written by

- (a) Ben Jonson
- (b) Marlowe
- (c) Thomas Kyd
- (d) Thomas Middleton

148. Which *Upanishad* does T. S. Eliot allude to in his monumental work, *The Waste Land*?

- (a) *Mundaka*
- (b) *Brihadaranyaka*
- (c) *Taittiriya*
- (d) *Chhandogya*

149. *The Waste Land* concludes with a/an ____ word.

- (a) English
- (b) French
- (c) Sanskrit
- (d) German

150. Imagism as a literary movement is associated with

- (a) T. S. Eliot
- (b) D. H. Lawrence
- (c) E. E. Cummings
- (d) T. E. Hulme

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

SERIES



Code : DFMET-02

2018

Subject : ENGLISH

Part-I : General Studies : Q. Nos. 1 to 30

Part-II : English : Q. Nos. 31 to 150

Time : 2 Hours

Maximum Marks : 150

**Write your Roll Number
in the box**

In numbers

<input type="text"/>					
----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------	----------------------

In words

<input type="text"/>

To mark answer use Black Ballpoint pen only.

Candidates must read all the instructions carefully before writing the answers.

You are to mark your answer on Answer-Sheet only. After the examination is over, hand over the original Answer-Sheet to the Invigilator.

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

1. Answer all questions. All questions carry equal marks.
2. **The Candidate should indicate the correct Roll Number, Subject, Test Booklet Code and its Series on the Answer-Sheet, otherwise the Answer-Sheet will not be evaluated and the Candidate will be solely responsible for it.**
3. **This Test Booklet contains 150 questions.** Each question has four (4) options which are given below the questions. Only one option is correct out of four. You are required to darken the circle corresponding to the alternative which you consider to be the correct or most appropriate answer in the Answer-Sheet by Black Ballpoint Pen.
4. Do not write anything on the cover page of the Test Booklet except Roll Number. Except this, do not write anything else inside the Test Booklet. If you need a working sheet to do your rough work, please ask the Invigilator for it and mention required information on it.
5. **If you happen to find that the Booklet issued to you does not have all the pages properly printed or it has any other deficiency, then you need to approach the Invigilator to get another Booklet of same Series and Code.**
6. **Penalty for wrong answers :**

THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE ANSWER SHEET.

- (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **one-third** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
- (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a **wrong answer** even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that question.
- (iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be **no penalty** for that question.

DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

ध्यान दें : अनुदेशों का हिन्दी रूपांतर इस पुस्तिका के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर छपा है।